## Ponce Health Sciences University

## FERPA Annual Notice

Notification of Student Rights under FERPA

Applicable to Ponce Campus, St. Louis Campus, and San Juan Learning Center





## FERPA ANNUAL NOTICE Notification of Student Rights under FERPA

The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) affords eligible students certain rights with respect to their education records. (An "eligible student" under FERPA is a student who is 18 years of age or older or who attends a postsecondary institution at any age.) These rights include:

- 1. The right to inspect and review the student's education records within 45 days after the day Ponce health Sciences University receives a request for access. Students should submit a written request to the Registrar's Office regarding their specific education record.
- 2. The school official will notify the student of the time and place where the records may be inspected. If the records are not maintained by the school official to whom the request was submitted, that official shall advise the student of the correct official to whom the request should be addressed.
- 3. The right to request the amendment of information in the educational record that the student believes is inaccurate, misleading, or otherwise in violation of the student's privacy rights under FERPA.

A student who wishes to ask Ponce Health Sciences University to amend a record should submit a written request with specific explanation to the Registrar Office, clearly identify the information to be amended.

If Ponce Health Sciences University decides not to amend the record as requested, the school will notify the student in writing of the decision and inform the student of their right to a hearing regarding the request for amendment. Additional information regarding the hearing procedures will be provided to the student when notified of the right to a hearing.

4. The right to provide written consent before Ponce Health Sciences University discloses personally identifiable information (PII) from the student's education records, except to the extent that FERPA authorizes disclosure without consent.

Ponce Health Sciences University discloses education records without a student's prior written consent under the FERPA exception for disclosure to school officials with legitimate educational interests. A school official includes those employed by the Ponce Health Sciences University in an administrative, supervisory, academic, research, or support staff position (including law enforcement unit personnel and health staff); a person serving on the board of trustees; or a student serving on an official committee, such as a disciplinary or grievance committee.

A school official also may include a volunteer or contractor outside of the Ponce Health Sciences University who performs an institutional service of function for which the school would otherwise use



its own employees and who is under the direct control of the school with respect to the use and maintenance of PII from education records, such as an attorney, auditor, or collection agent or a student volunteering to assist another school official in performing his or her tasks.

A school official typically has a legitimate educational interest if the official needs to review an education record to fulfill their professional responsibilities for the Ponce Health Sciences University.

Upon request, Ponce Health Sciences University also discloses educational records with the student's written consent to officials at another school where a student seeks or intends to enroll.

A student has the right to file a complaint with the U.S. Department of Education concerning alleged failures by Ponce Health Sciences University to comply with the requirements of FERPA. The name and address of the office that administers FERPA is:

Student Privacy Policy Office U.S. department of Education 400 Maryland Avenue, SW Washington, DC 20202

(In addition, Ponce Health Sciences University may want to include its directory information as public notice, as required by § 99.37 of the regulations, with its annual notification of rights under FERPA.)

Please review the list below, including the disclosures a postsecondary institution may make without consent.

FERPA permits the disclosure of PII from students' education records, without consent of the student, if the disclosure meets certain conditions found in § 99.31 of the FERPA regulations. Except for disclosures to school officials, disclosures related to some judicial orders or lawfully issued subpoenas, disclosures of directory information, and disclosures to the student, § 99.32 of FERPA regulations requires the institution to record the disclosure. Eligible students have a right to inspect and review the record of disclosures. A postsecondary institution may disclose PII from the education records without obtaining prior written consent of the student.

- To other school officials, including teachers, within Ponce Health Sciences University whom the school has determined to have legitimate educational interests. This includes contractors, consultants, volunteers, or other parties to whom the school has outsourced institutional services or functions, provided that the conditions listed in § 99.31(a)(1)(i)(B)(1) (a)(1)(i)(B)(3) are met. (§ 99.31(a)(1))
- To officials of another school where the student seeks or intends to enroll, or where the student is already enrolled if the disclosure is for purposes related to the student's enrollment or transfer, subject to the requirements of § 99.34. (§99.31(a)(2))
- To authorized representatives of the U. S. Comptroller General, the U.S. Attorney General, the U.S. Secretary of Education, or State and local educational authorities, such as a State postsecondary authority that is responsible for supervising the university's State-supported education programs. Disclosures under this provision may be made, subject to the



requirements of §99.35, in connection with an audit or evaluation of Federal- or State-supported education programs, or for the enforcement, or compliance with Federal legal requirements that relate to those programs. These entities may make further disclosures of PII to outside entities that are designated by them as their authorized representatives to conduct any audit, evaluation, enforcement or compliance activity on their behalf. (§§ 99.31(a)(3) and 99.35)

- In connection with financial aid for which the student has applied or which the student has received, if the information is necessary to determine eligibility for the aid, determine the amount of the aid, determine the conditions of the aid, or enforce the terms and conditions of the aid. (§ 99.31(a)(4))
- To organizations conducting studies for, or on behalf of, the school, in order to: (a) develop, validate, or administer predictive tests; (b) administer student aid programs; or (c) improve instruction. (§ 99.31(a)(6))
- To accrediting organizations to carry out their accrediting functions. (§ 99.31(a)(7))
- To parents of an eligible student if the student is a dependent for IRS tax purposes. (§ 99.31(a)(8))
- To comply with a judicial order or lawfully issued subpoena. (§ 99.31(a)(9))
- To appropriate officials in connection with a health or safety emergency, subject to § 99.36. (§ 99.31(a)(10))
- Information the school has designated as "directory information" under §99.37.(§99.31(a)(11))
- To a victim of an alleged perpetrator of a crime of violence or a non-forcible sex offense, subject to the requirements of § 99.39. The disclosure may only include the final results of the disciplinary proceeding with respect to that alleged crime or offense, regardless of the finding. (§ 99.31(a)(13))
- To the general public, the final results of a disciplinary proceeding, subject to the
  requirements of § 99.39, if the school determines the student is an alleged perpetrator of a
  crime of violence or non-forcible sex offense and the student has committed a violation of the
  school's rules or policies with respect to the allegation made against him or her. (§
  99.31(a)(14))
- To parents of a student regarding the student's violation of any Federal, State, or local law, or
  of any rule or policy of the school, governing the use or possession of alcohol or a controlled
  substance if the school determines the student committed disciplinary violation and the
  student is under the age of 21. (§99.31(a)(15))

Schools may disclose, without consent, "directory" information such as a student's name, address, telephone number, date and place of birth, honors and awards, and dates of attendance. However, schools must tell parents and eligible students about directory information and allow parents and eligible students a reasonable amount of time to request that the school not disclose directory information about them.

Schools must notify eligible parents and students annually of their rights under FERPA. Ponce Health Sciences University communicates these notifications by email through Student Affairs, updating the Student Handbook, academic Catalog and updating the University website.

